

16

Kinematics

1 In each of the following cases:

(i) find expressions for the velocity and acceleration at time t

(ii) find the initial position, velocity and acceleration

(iii) find the time and position when the velocity is zero.

a) $s = 3t^2 - t - 4$

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

b) $s = 4t - t^3$

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

c) $s = 5t^4 - 2t^2 + 3$

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

2 A particle is projected in a straight line from a point O. After t seconds its displacement, s metres, from O is given by $s = 3t - t^2$.

a) Find expressions for the velocity and acceleration at time t .

b) Find the time when the particle is instantaneously at rest.

c) Find the velocity when $t = 2$ and interpret your result.

d) Find the initial acceleration.

3 A ball is thrown vertically upwards and its height, h metres, above the ground after t seconds is given by $h = 2 + 10t - 5t^2$.

a) From what height is the ball projected?

b) When is the ball instantaneously at rest?

c) What is the greatest height reached by the ball?

d) After what length of time does the ball reach the ground?

e) At what speed is the ball travelling when it reaches the ground?

4 A hot air balloon is rising at a rate of 0.6 m s^{-1} and is at a height of 28 m when it starts to experience a downward acceleration of 0.2 m s^{-1} .

a) Find the height reached by the balloon before it starts to descend.

b) How long does the balloon take to return to the ground?

c) At what speed is the balloon travelling when it reaches the ground?

5 The height of a ball thrown up in the air is given by $h = 10t - 5t^2 + 2$, where h is the height above ground level.

a) Find an expression for the velocity of the ball.

b) Find the maximum height reached by the ball and the time when this occurs.

c) Find the acceleration of the ball.

d) Find the time taken for the ball to reach the ground.

6 Find expressions for the velocity, v , and displacement, s , at time t in each of the following:

a) $a = 2 + 4t$; when $t = 0$, $v = 3$ and $s = 0$.

b) $a = 6t^2 - 2t$; when $t = 0$, $v = 6$ and $s = 2$.

c) $a = 4$; when $t = 0$, $v = 2$ and $s = 3$.

7 The acceleration of a particle $a \text{ m s}^{-2}$, at time t seconds is given by $a = 5 - 4t$. When $t = 0$ the particle is moving at 3 m s^{-1} in the positive direction, and is 2 m from the point O.

a) Find expressions for the velocity and displacement in terms of t .

b) Find when the particle is instantaneously at rest and its displacement from O at that time.